Achieving results the CLLD way: Putting the method to work
Båstad, 7 December 2016

Niclas Purfürst
Director, Rural Development
Swedish Board of Agriculture
Why multi-fund CLLD?

- Broaden the coverage and scope of interventions
- Broaden the partnerships and increase synergies
- Enhance economies of scale
- Desire to integrate funds has been listened to
- Simplification: one single entry point for the beneficiary, one single MA for all funds, harmonised national implementing rules
Local action groups will have the possibility to develop fund-integrated local development strategies covering actions funded by different funds. This provides a possibility to develop strategies with a broader scope, with more of an integrated approach and that provide the opportunity to involve a broader spectrum of stakeholders in the development and implementation of the strategy. The local action groups themselves select the actions and which funds they prefer to use in the implementation of their strategy.

Community-led local development falls under **thematic objectives 8 and 9** but contributes to the fulfillment of objectives within all TOs.
Swedish Board of Agriculture (Managing Authority)

- EAFRD: Rural Development Programme (Leader)
- EMFF: Maritime and Fisheries OP
- ERDF: Regional and Social Fund OP for CLLD
- ESF: 48 LAGs
LAGs in Sweden during the 2014-2020 period
### Funding for CLLD 2014-2020 in Sweden

Approx. amounts in EUR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Community Funding 50%</th>
<th>Swedish Co-Funding</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>National 17%</td>
<td>Other public 33%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAFRD</td>
<td>84 000 000</td>
<td>28 926 433</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERDF</td>
<td>6 846 240</td>
<td>2 357 587</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESF</td>
<td>6 725 424</td>
<td>2 315 982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMFF</td>
<td>7 000 000</td>
<td>2 380 000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>104 571 664</td>
<td>35 980 003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Implementation – State of play

Number of received applications: 312
Of which approved:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Approved projects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EAFRD</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERDF</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESF</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMFF</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Designing a user-friendly approach

- LAG serves as one single entry point for the beneficiary
- Multifund strategies at LAG-level
- One single MA for all 4 funds
- One single PA for all 4 funds
- Harmonised national implementing rules
- Close contacts with key stakeholders (i.e. LAGs, LUS - Local Development Sweden, National Rural Network)
Current challenges

- Administrative rules applicable to all funds
- Few applications and problems to get national co-financing at some LAGs
- Assessment of reasonableness of costs in umbrella projects
- Further development of IT-systems
- Coordination with other ERDF and ESF MAs
- Upcoming: Cities and urban-rural linkages
A few recommendations

- Consensus at government level
- Strong cooperation between ministries and other responsible bodies and stakeholders
- Build internal visibility and knowledge development, in particular as regards ”new” funds
- Communicate with all stakeholders
- Build knowledge at LAG-level
- It takes time!
Visit our website!

- http://www.jordbruksverket.se/amnesomraden/landsbygdfiske/lokaltleddutvecklinggenomleader