

Local development strategies

What does it mean to fully implement this?

local people's needs come first (FI)
LAGs

encourage self-assessment culture for LAGs
LAGs

making implementation 'simple' for local stakeholders

Being proactive and cooperating with the Managing Authority (IE)
Managing Authority

'Demystify' LDS (IE)
Managing Authority

High presence of associations - in LDS implementation (IT)
NRN/NSU

Flexibility/ adaptability of LDS

Blocking factors

not being able to focus on local people's needs
LAGs

rules at national level + new EU rules not fit for smaller, depopulated areas (LV)
LAGs

5-year monitoring period for LAGs: long, cumbersome for LAG & project implementers (LV)
LAGs

Limitation by timing of the programming period - initiatives need to follow the LDS timing (IT)
NRN/NSU

Interruption of work between programming periods - time and structure (IT)
NRN/NSU

if local calls for applications not so relevant for local people / LAGs found out calls weren't interesting for local people/organisations (SK)
NRN/NSU

Demand for support from LAGs (IT)
NRN/NSU

developing the 'right' indicators reflecting LDS specificities can be 'tricky' (SK)
LAGs

Specific questions

How to ensure that local people - not external companies - are involved in developing the LDS (local ownership)? (EC)

Opportunity to implement LDS for longer? (IT)
NRN/NSU

How to make the process quicker but still including the LAG board (FI)?
Managing Authority

Solutions

selection criteria: LAG has to demonstrate local engagement (include nr of meetings with local people, participants & activities) (FI)
LAGs

multi-sectorality and multi-funding (EAFRD, ERDF, ESF) in BG
Managing Authority

'Smart Countryside Roadshow 2020-2021 - consultation involving LAGs and authorities (FI)
Managing Authority

Transition period allows LAGs to continue their work and plan the future activities (IT)
NRN/NSU

multi-funding allows to tackle complexity of local challenges - bypass EAFRD limitations (PT)
LAGs

Possibility to look at the wider/ holistic approach of LDS (IT)
NRN/NSU

LDS indicators re' inclusion of marginalised groups (BG)
Managing Authority

LAGs take into account feedback from local level - able to adapt strategies / calls for applications if no interest from local level
NRN/NSU

Keep LEADER simple, short delivery chains which can process project applications quickly and efficiently (IE)
Managing Authority

consider voluntary performance indicators defined by LAGs (SK)
LAGs

LAGs should be in a position to deliver projects themselves (IE)
Managing Authority