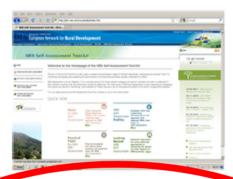


NRN Joint Action: "Demonstrating the Added Value of Networking"

- Overview of the NRN Joint Action
- The ENRD and NRNs as policy networks
- What is the added value of policy networks?
- Conclusions and next steps



NRN Self-Assessment Tool-Kit (June 2011)



Common working method for NRNs to contribute to "Demonstrating the Value of Networking"

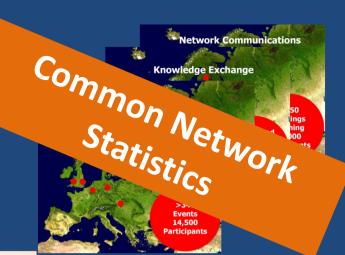


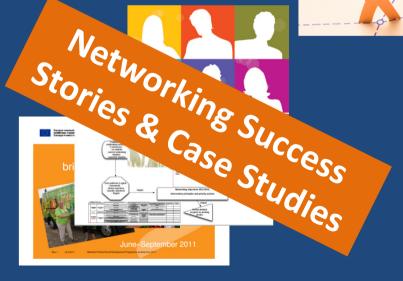
Finnish NRN
Joint Network Meeting
"Demonstrating the Value of Networking"
(May/June 2012)

Coordination Committee 9 June, 2011

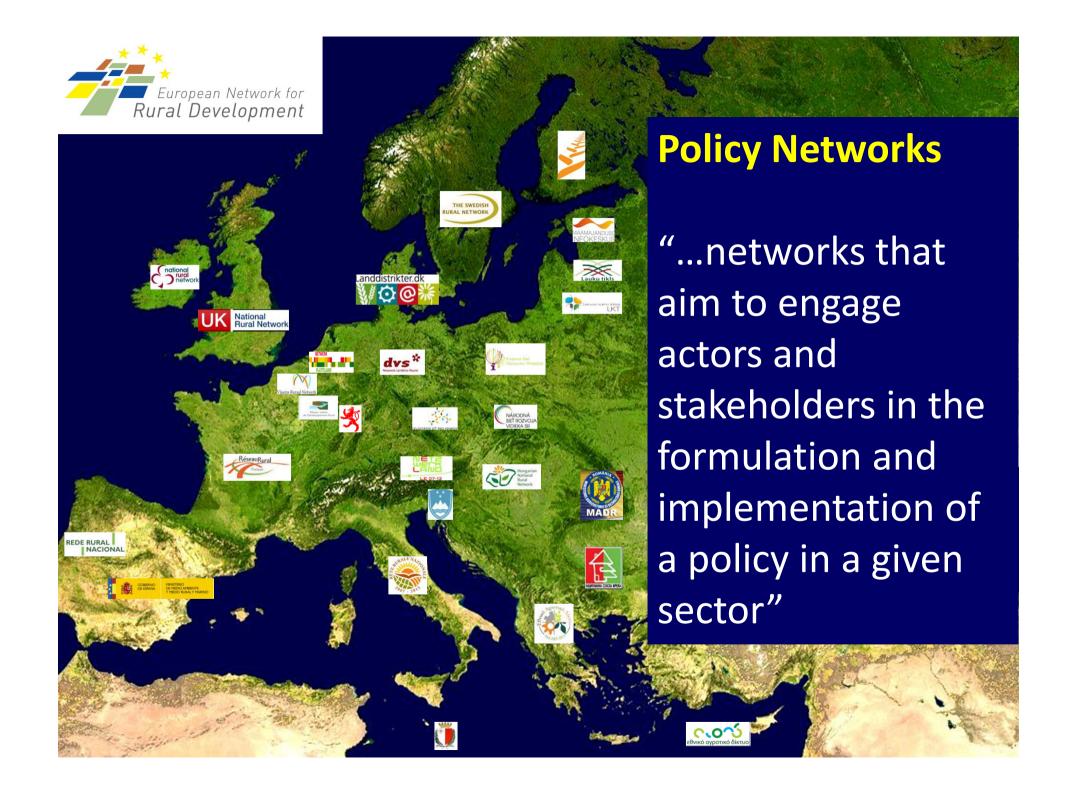
"State of play with ENRD and NRN networking"

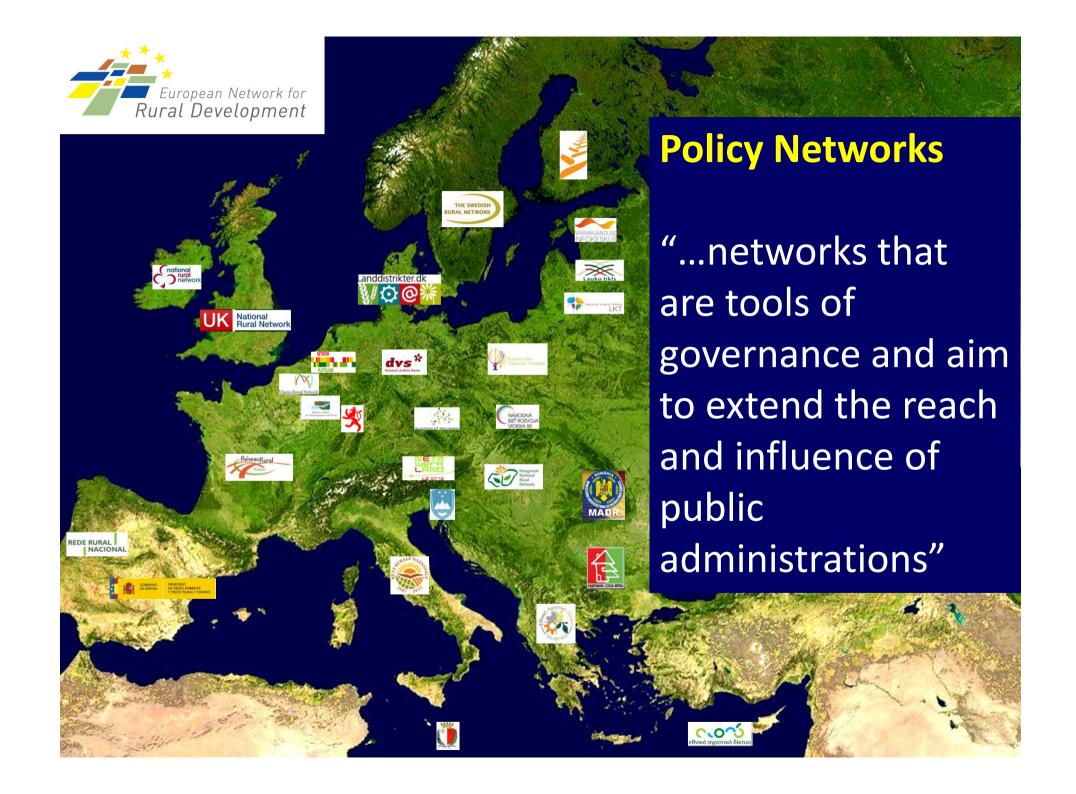


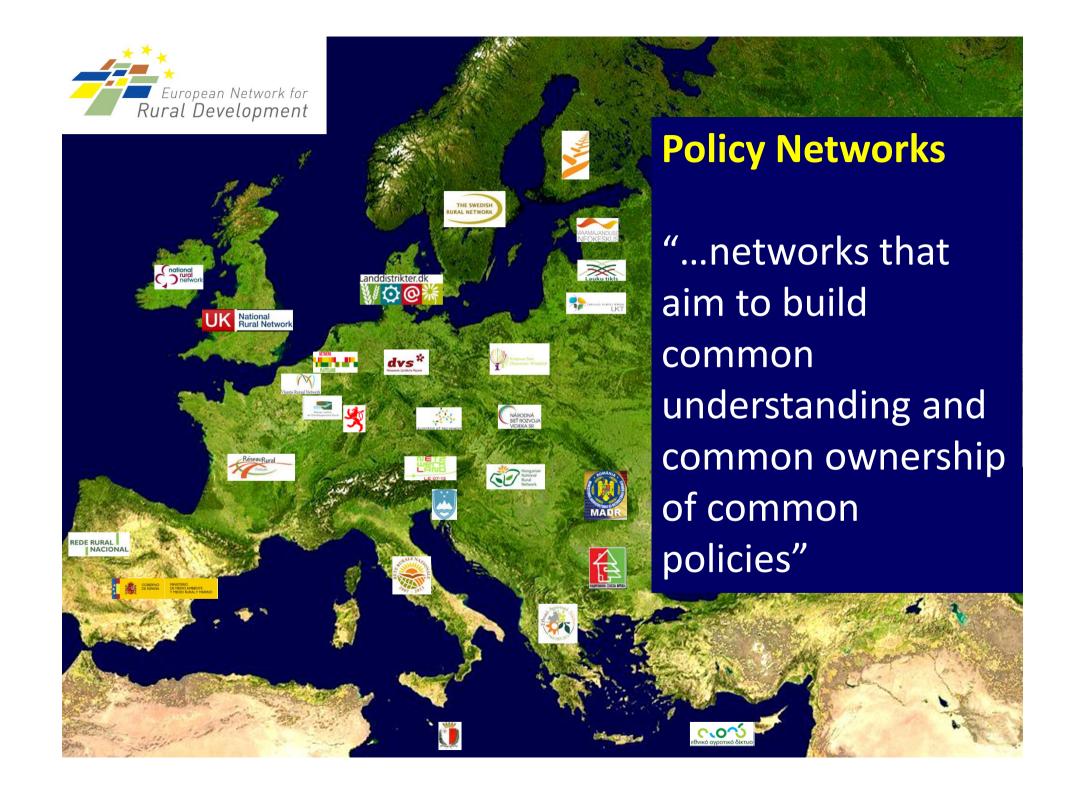


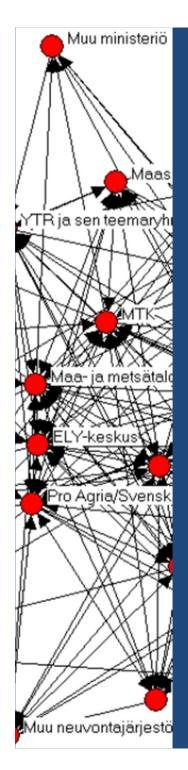








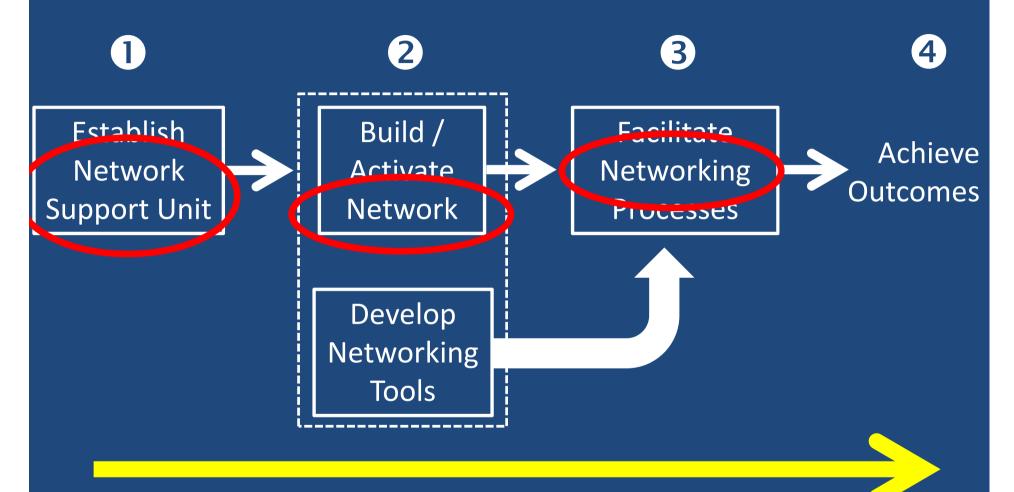




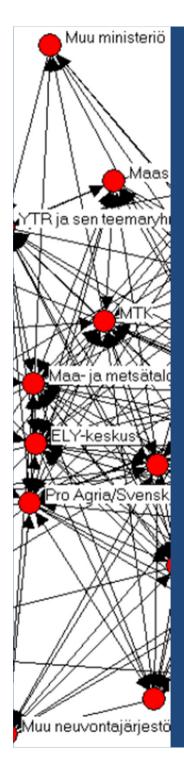
Key characteristics of policy networks:

- Formally established on the basis of some form of agreement
- Engineered by public institutions
- Facilitated / supported by some administrative 'entity'

Process of 'engineering' a policy network



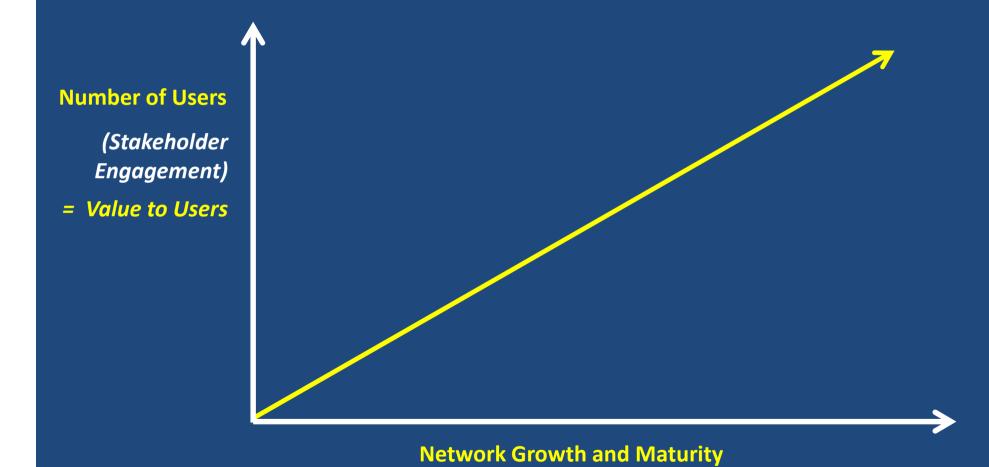
 Policy networks take time, resources and expertise to develop

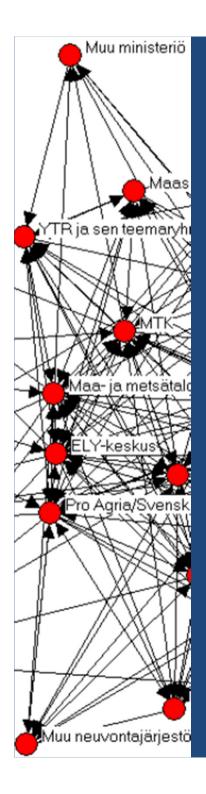


Other key characteristics:

- Information intensive transfer of know-how / experience (often have an analytical function)
- Just like any other network a policy network becomes more valuable as it reaches more users (Metcalfe's Law)

Simple hypothesis......

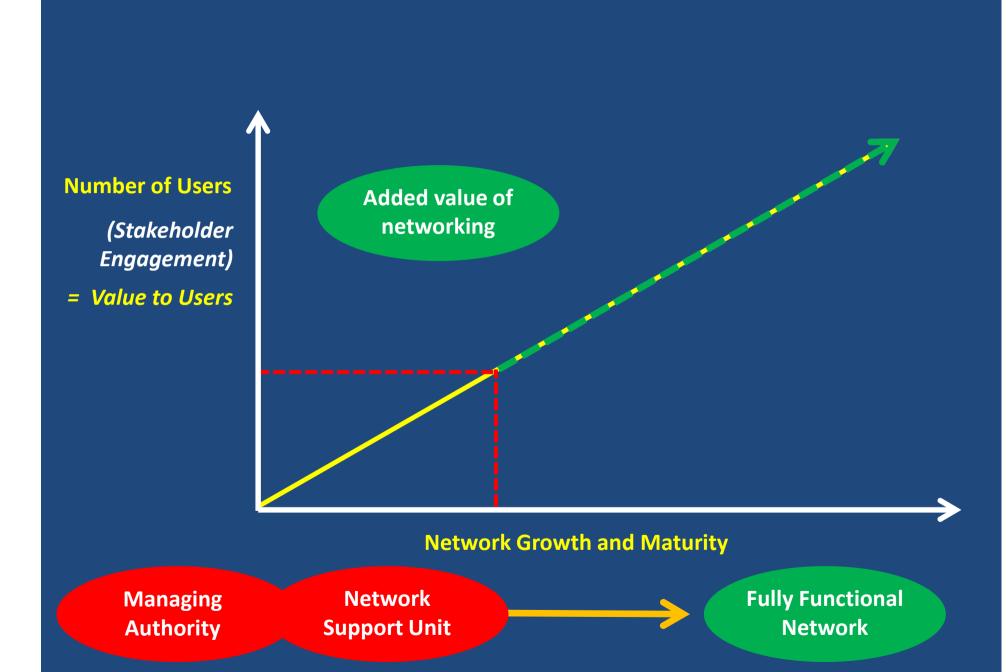


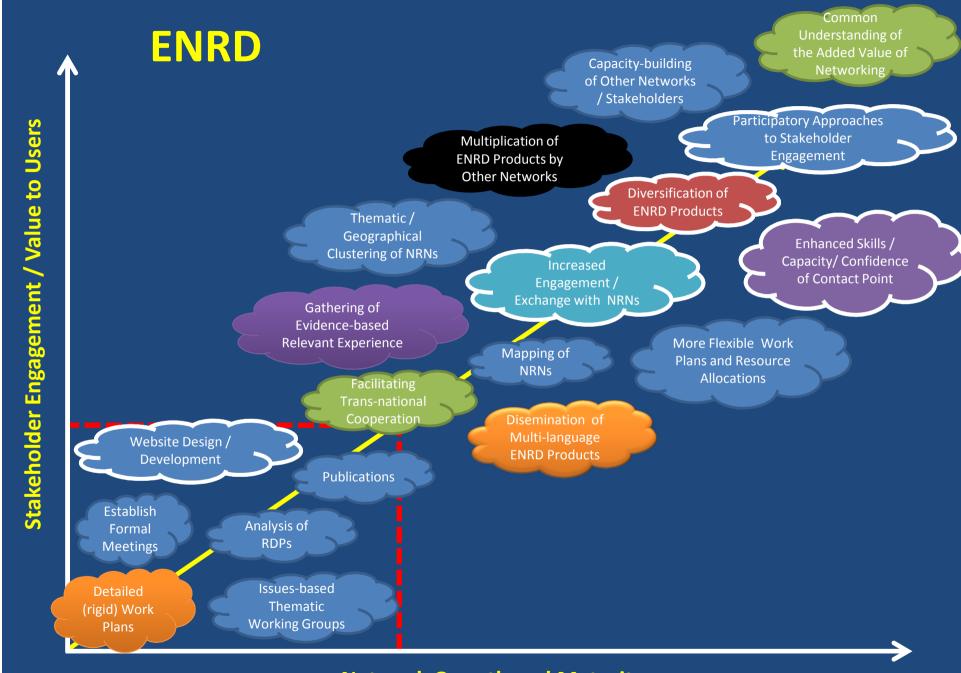


But what exactly is the 'added value' of a policy network....?

"...producing solutions and results that would otherwise not have occurred through a single hierarchic organisation"

(Agranoff, 2003)



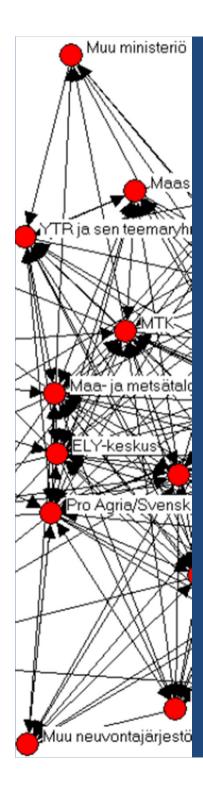


Network Growth and Maturity

NRN Joint Action (2011-2012): Collection of Networking Success Stories

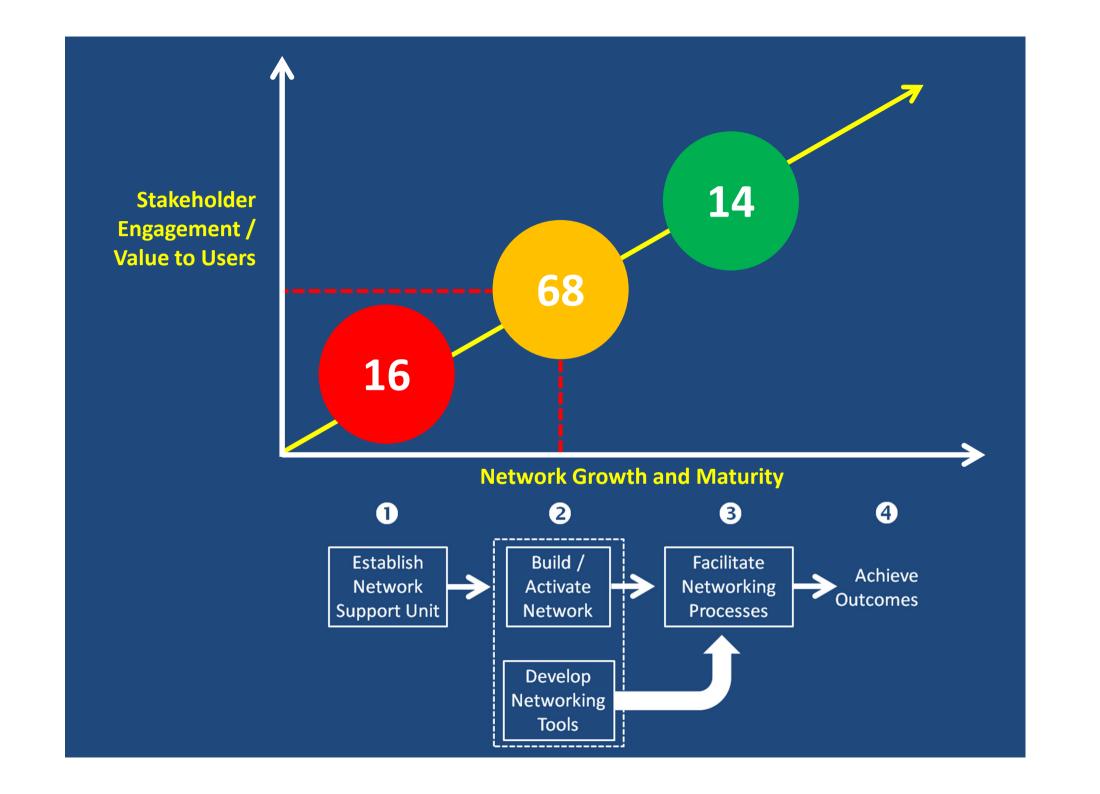






When these 98 'success stories' are reviewed and clustered:

- 16 -> establishment of NSU
- 68 -> development of network & network tools
- 14 -> networking "processes"











14 'success stories' relating to networking processes

- Growth of informal meetings including youth forums (UK) and entrepreneur events (SE)
- More intensive information exchange between stakeholders

 including "communities of practice" (NL)

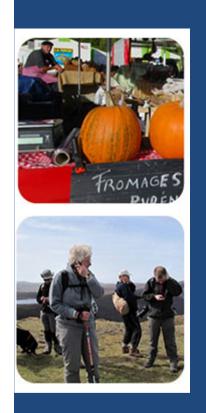








- Targeted use of social media amongst rural stakeholders (NL)
- 'Horizontal' exchange of information and resources between network users (IT)
- Bottom-up emergence of new learning tools and processes (IT)



Investment in networks is high, but it pays back in the long-term – give networks time to mature!



Next Steps (Year 5)

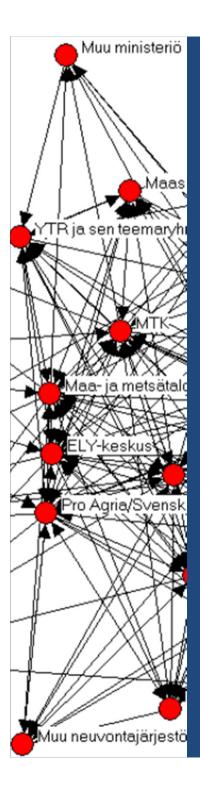
Presentation of outcomes of NRN Joint Action on ENRD website

Clearer definition of 'good practices' vs. 'success stories'

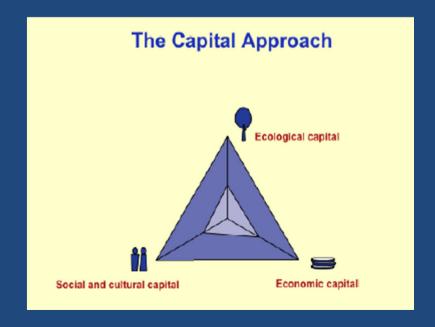
Further collection of 'good practice' and 'success stories' as appropriate

Rural Review #14 - networking

Handbook on networking (?)



Continue working with the NRNs (participatory research) to develop understanding of the added value of networking in RD policy



Mark Redman Networking and Co-operation Support Team

mark.redman@enrd.eu