

ICT priorities for rural development

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ICT policy for rural areas



- "Broadband for all" objectives Lisbon agenda & EERP
 - Riga Ministerial declaration: 90% broadband in rural areas by 2010
 - 2008 EU Recovery Plan 100% coverage by 2010
 - 2009 MS agreement 100% coverage by 2010-2013
- Strategic guidelines for rural development 2007-13
 - 3 specifically recognised areas for intervention: Agri-food chain, rural tourism and internet in rural areas
 - Internet: One of the major driving factors of economic growth
- Rural development programmes 2007-2013 (ICT situation in rural areas)
 - Low to average levels of usage and coverage with broadband in rural areas [COM(2009) 103]



Current state of play



- Lack of sufficient coverage in the majority of the "new" MS (EU-12) and some EU-15 Southern MS
- Broadband infrastructure that needs an upgrade with the latest technologies
- Low quality of the connections (e.g., unstable, low speeds)
- Low capacity ⇒ significant burden for users
 - Higher capacity ⇒ faster access ⇒ bigger savings
- Withdrawn public services in rural areas not yet replaced by on-line provision of such services
- Low penetration rates and sluggish growth compared to urban areas



Priorities for ICT development in rural areas 2007 - 2013



- Creation of new broadband infrastructure
 - Re-enforced by the Recovery Package (up to EUR 1.02 billion)
- Upgrade of existing infrastructure and enabling of access to broadband infrastructure
 - Re-enforced by the Recovery Package (up to EUR 1.02 billion)
- Development of e-services and relevant on-line content
- Demand stimulation measures
 - Development and availability of public services such as e-government, e-health and e-learning is crucial along with e-skills and local applications
 - Business needs versus Population needs delivery of "packages" such as connection & specific applications ⇔ training



Rural Development Policy (EAFRD) support for ICT development in rural areas



Measures:

 More than 10 rural development measures across all axes accommodate ICT-related investments

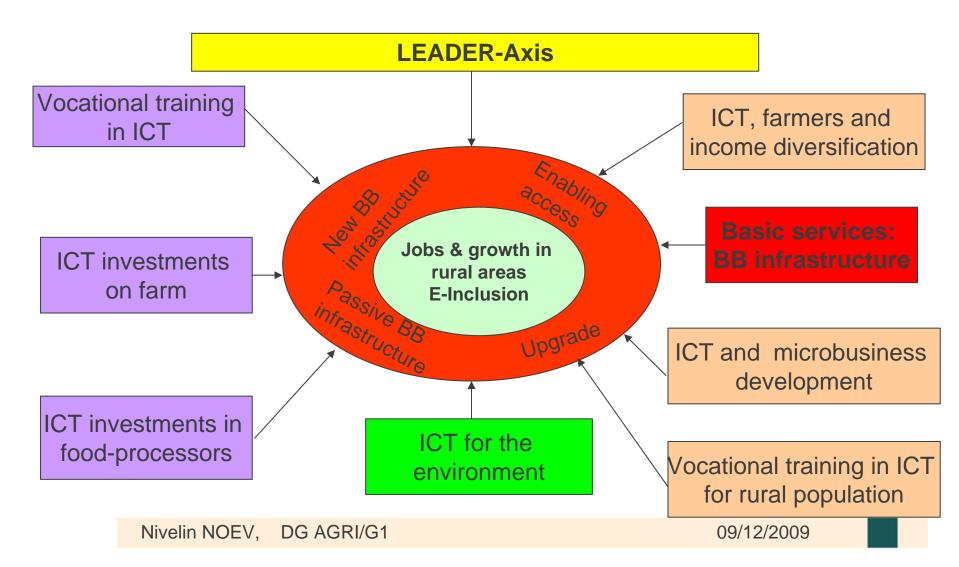
In the programmes approved before the Recovery package:

- In more than half of the RDPs (47 RDPs by16 MS) direct actions on ICT (including broadband) targeting the creation of basic ICT infrastructure and basic public services are planned
- Only broadband infrastructure 31 RDPs by 12 MS
 - To be re-enforced under the Recovery package
- ICT services by farmers 21 RDPs by 15 MS
- Non-farm ICT business related actions 28 RDPs by 17 MS
- Vocational training and human capital upgrading (e.g., ICT and computer skills, etc.) – 56 RDPs by 20 MS
- ICT for an environmental use 14 RDPs



Rural Development Policy (EAFRD) 2007-2013: Targeting ICT development







What do we support in practice? (examples from RDPs)



Human capital upgrade and e-skills

Vocational training in ICT for farmers, foresters & food processors

- ✓ Professional training in ICT and computer skills
- ✓ E-learning
- √ Web-portals and web-tools
- ✓ Information activities using ICT
- ✓ Data processing
- ✓ Establishment and management of ICT resources in farms
- √ Networking through interactive use of ICT
- ✓ Life-long learning, etc.

Vocational training in ICT for rural population

- √ Training in ICT and computer skills
- √ E-learning
- ✓ Dissemination of information using ICT
- ✓ Distance learning
- ✓ Mobile training solutions, etc.



What do we support in practice? (examples from RDPs



Basic services & infrastructure

Services

- ✓ Centres for ICT based services (medical care, business support, public services, etc.)
- √ Mobile ICT centres
- ✓ **E-services** (e-commerce, e-government, etc.)
- ✓ Development of ICT tools and web-portals
- √ Business co-operation in rural areas using telematic connections
- ✓ IT equipment (health-care, schools, etc.)
- √ Security, transport by calls, tele-working
- √ Setting-up of electronic consultation systems

Infrastructure

- √ Creation of new broadband infrastructure
- ✓ Laying down passive broadband infrastructure
- ✓ Upgrade of existing broadband infrastructure
- ✓ Enabling access to broadband

Re-enforced with the Recovery Package



What do we support in practice? (examples from RDPs)



Business creation & development

Farm diversification & rural tourism

- ✓ New technologies for bringing the producer and consumer closer, incl. e-booking, marketing, tourism services, etc.
- √ Assistance in ICT initiatives
- ✓ Networking (incl. of tourism actors)
- ✓ Provision of various ICT services (by farmers)
- √ Tourist information centres
- ✓ Multimedia and IT services for promotion of rural tourism

Creation of micro-enterprises & business development

- √ ICT based services
- √ New technologies for bringing the producer and consumer closer, incl. web-portals
- √ Communication points
- √ Cooperation networking
- ✓ Local business ICT capacity
- √ Micro-businesses in ICT training
- √ Development of mobile solutions
- ✓ Services for connecting and providing internet



Success factors for development of ICT in rural areas



- Success factors determined based on a set of 67 good practices [COM(2009) 103 and SEC(2009) 254]
 - Community financial support
 - Support from national and regional authorities
 - Involvement and cooperation with local actors
 - Understanding and reacting to new business opportunities and needs



Rural development: Recovery package & broadband



State of play before the Recovery package

- 31 RDPs by 12 MS do provide support for broadband infrastructure

The Recovery package

- EUR 1.02 billion to be committed in 2009
- Budget available for 6 priorities (new challenges and/or broadband)
- Lifting up the limits to small-scale infrastructure
- All technological solutions supported
- Three major broadband types of operation

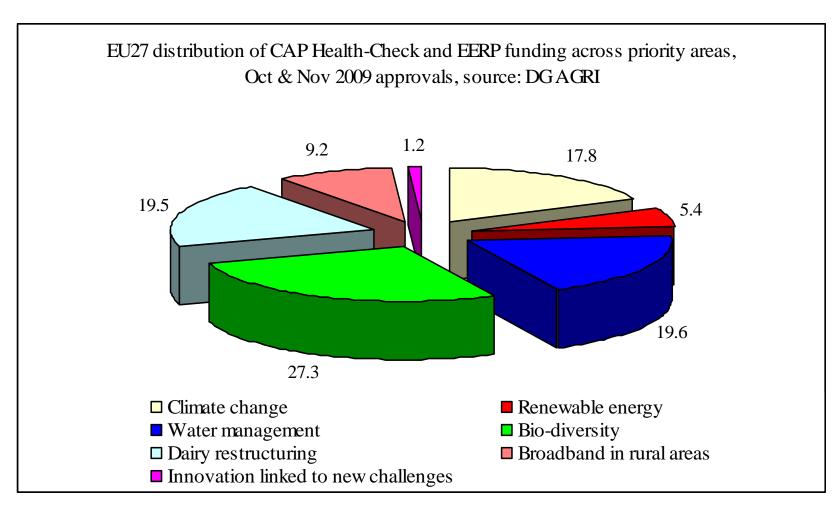
Current approvals

- EUR 362.7 million programmed for broadband (36% of the Recovery package) of which EUR 149.6 million approved already in October and November
- 17 Member States invest in broadband under the recovery package
- 37 RDPs in total to cover broadband aspects
- Majority of funds to be spent under specific state-aid schemes



Rural development – Health-Check & Recovery package:
Oct & Nov approvals (EUR 1.63 bn)

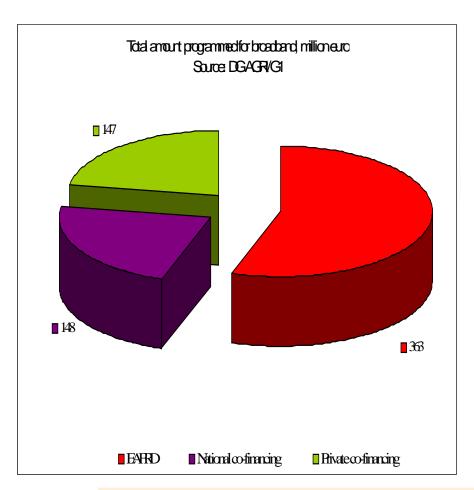


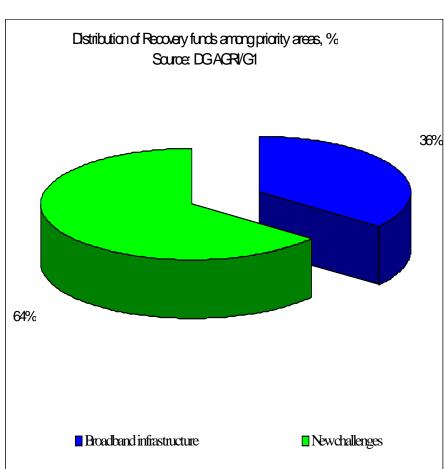




Rural development: Recovery funds for broadband



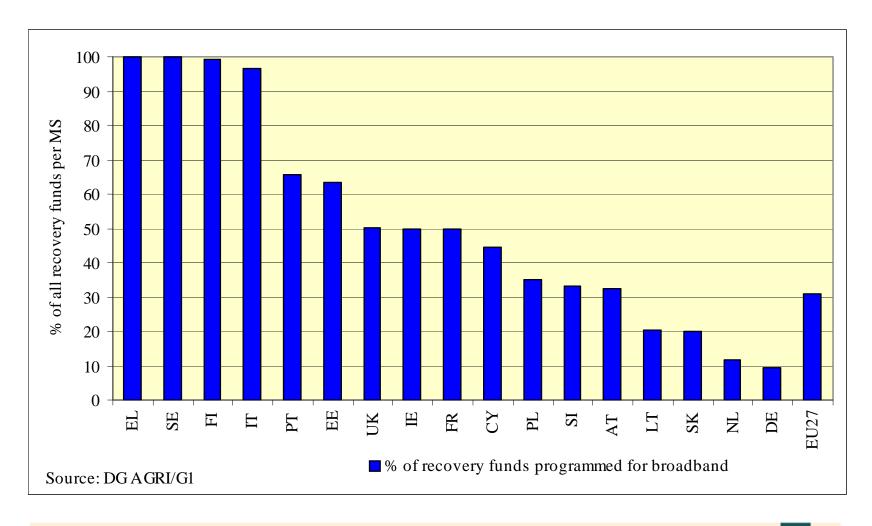






Rural development - Recovery package: Funds' allocation for broadband per MS, %







Recovery package: some insights from the negotiations



Not in all cases, but sometimes it was clear that there was:

- Lack of coordinated approach at national/regional level
- No knowledge at local, regional and/or national level for demands, current state of play and future needs
- Need of more analytical and data-finding activities
- Need of incorporation of needs of rural areas into the national broadband strategies



Rural development: Follow-up



- Annual reporting and monitoring on ICT spending and ICT activities under rural development in general as of 2010
- Annual reporting and monitoring on the spending of the Recovery package as of 2010
- Mid-term evaluation 2010: emphasis to be put on ICT
- ICT event in 2010/2011



Rural development: The ICT event brainstorming European Commission Agriculture and Rural Development

- Emphasis on sharing of experience on implementation of ICT activities within the rural development policy domain, how and
- Look at:
 - Needs of the farm society and current initiatives to cover these needs
 - ICT for agri-food chain development & transparency, and creation of growth/value-added achievements
 - Information systems for environmental purposes

to what extent stakeholders are involved in it

- Incorporation of ICT into local development strategies (i.e. Leader)
- Future policy debate and strategic orientation
- Presentation of projects supported by EAFRD
- Reporting on the Recovery package implementation and funded ICT activities under EAFRD in general (2007-2010)



Thank you



- Further information on rural development policy (EAFRD)
 http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/rurdev/index_en.htm
- ICT policy for rural areas
 http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/rurdev/employment/ict/index_en.htm
- Study on Availability of Access to Computer Networks in Rural areas (conducted for DG AGRI)

http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/analysis/external/networks/index_en.htm

European broadband portal

http://www.broadband-europe.eu/





Check-list of actions for public authorities investing in broadband in rural and under-served territories

* Source: The European broadband portal (work in progress)

Mapping & Coordination

- Gather information on existing infrastructures, incl. availability, speeds and costs of services ⇒ create a map
- Identify the key players (suppliers & users)
- Carry out an awareness raising campaign
- Begin to build a territory-wide partnership of key players
- Check the need for demand aggregation strategy
- Conduct appropriate research
- Exchange of experience ⇒ know results and outcomes from similar cases





Check-list of actions for public authorities investing in broadband in rural and under-served territories

* Source: The European broadband portal (work in progress)

Develop the Business Case

- Develop the action plan and try to get support from all key players
- Formal agreement with local public authorities and integration/alignment of actions into existing local development strategies
- Feasibility study before an investment to take place

Finding the Funding

- Identify all available sources of funding
- Get assistance for institutional capacity building

Business Models

- Develop the business plan
- Ensure economic/business sustainability based on commercial success and criteria





Check-list of actions for public authorities investing in broadband in rural and under-served territories

* Source: The European broadband portal (work in progress)

Implementation

- Check the possibilities for using of existing state-aid scheme or submit a new one to the EC
- Prepare open calls for procurement under the "neutral technology approach"
- Carry out training needs analysis and provide an appropriate training
- Implement the action plan
- Design and establish systems for monitoring and evaluation